

## **QUEBEC PRECIOUS METALS CORPORATION**

(An exploration company)

## **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

Three-month and six-month periods ended July 31, 2024 (Second Quarter)

This management discussion and analysis ("MD&A") of Quebec Precious Metals Corporation, ("QPM" or the "Company") follows rule 51-102 of the Canadian Securities Administrators regarding continuous disclosure.

The following MD&A is a narrative explanation, through the eyes of the management of QPM, on how the Company performed during the three-month and six-month periods ended July 31, 2024. It includes a review of the Company's financial condition and a review of operations for the three-month and six-month periods ended July 31, 2024, as compared to the three-month and six-month periods ended July 31, 2023.

This MD&A complements the condensed interim financial statements for the three-month and six-month periods ended July 31, 2024, but does not form part of them. It is intended to help the reader understand and assess the significant trends, risks and uncertainties related to the results of operations and it should be read in conjunction with the condensed interim financial statements as at July 31, 2024, and related notes thereto as well as the audited annual financial statements, accompanying notes and Management's Discussion and Analysis for the year ended January 31, 2024.

The condensed interim financial statements for the three-month and six-month periods ended July 31, 2024, and 2023 have been prepared in accordance with the IFRS Accounting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") applicable to the preparation of condensed interim financial statements. The accounting policies applied in the financial statements are based on IFRS issued and effective as at July 31, 2024. On September 20, 2024, the Board of Directors approved, for issuance, the condensed interim financial statements.

All figures are in Canadian dollars unless otherwise stated. Additional information relating to the Company can be found on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca. The shares of the Company are listed on the TSX Venture Exchange under the symbol QPM, on the OTCQB Venture Market under the symbol CJCFF and on the Frankfurt Exchange under the symbol YXEN.

#### REPORT'S DATE

The MD&A was prepared with the information available as at September 20, 2024.

#### **CAUTION REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION**

This MD&A contains forward-looking statements that are based on the Company's expectations, estimates and projections regarding its business, the mining industry in general and the economic environment in which it operates as of the date of the MD&A. To the extent that any statements in this document contain information that is not historical, the statements are essentially forward-looking and are often identified by words such as "anticipate", "expect", "estimate", "intend", "project", "plan" and "believe". In the interest of providing shareholders and potential investors with information regarding QPM, including management's assessment of future plans and operations, certain statements in this MD&A are forward-looking and are subject to the risks, uncertainties and other important factors that could cause the Company's actual performance to differ materially from that expressed in or implied by such statements. Such factors include, but are not limited to: volatility and sensitivity to market metal prices, impact of change in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates, imprecision in reserve estimates, environmental risks including increased regulatory burdens, unexpected geological conditions, adverse mining conditions, changes in government regulations and policies, including laws and policies; failure to obtain necessary permits and approvals from government authorities, and other development and operating risks, and failure to obtain financing to continue its operations. The preliminary assessments contained in the technical reports referred to in this MD&A, and the estimates contained therein to date are preliminary in nature and are based on a number of assumptions, any one of which, if incorrect, could materially change the projected outcome.

Although the Company believes that the expectations conveyed by the forward-looking statements are based upon information available on the date that such statements were made, there can be no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct. The reader is cautioned not to rely on these forward-looking statements. The Company disclaims any obligation to update these forward-looking statements unless required to do so by applicable Securities laws. All subsequent forward-looking statements, whether written or orally attributable to

the Company or persons acting on its behalf, are expressly qualified in their entirety by these cautionary statements.

#### **NATURE OF ACTIVITIES**

Quebec Precious Metals Corporation is incorporated under the Canada Business Corporations Act. The Company is involved in the acquisition, exploration, and development of mining projects. The Company is active in Canada. The Company is primarily focused on advancing its Sakami gold project, located in Eeyou Istchee James Bay territory in Quebec, near Newmont Corporation's ("Newmont") Eleonore gold mine. The Company has no mines in production and, consequently, has no current operating income or cash flows from projects it owns, nor has it had any operating revenues for the last three years. Consequently, its activities are mainly financed through equity financing.

#### **HIGHLIGHTS**

- On May 28, 2024, the Company issued 223,530 deferred stock units to (the "DSUs") pursuant to its Deferred Share Unit Plan (the "DSU Plan") to the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to its DSU Plan.
- On May 30, 2024, the Company issued to directors 457,942 common shares valued at \$27,476 for director's fees (\$0.060 per share) in order to settle 90% of the director's fees payable for the three-month periods ended January 31, 2024, and April 30, 2024 (10% paid in cash).
- On May 31, 2024, the Company concluded a private placement by issuing 3,700,000 units ("Hard Units") at a price of \$0.05 per unit for proceeds of \$185,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one warrant for a total of 3,700,000 common shares and 3,700,000 warrants. Each warrant will entitle the holder to acquire one additional common share of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.10 for a period of thirty-six months.
- On June 21, 2024, the Company concluded the closing of the second and final tranche of a private placement for total proceeds of \$261,560. Under the final tranche, the Company raised proceeds of \$160,000 from the sale of 3,200,000 Hard Units of the Company at a price of \$0.05 per Hard Unit and proceeds of \$101,560 from the sale of 1,154,091 flow-through units ("FT Units") of the Company at a price of \$0.088 per FT Unit.
- On June 26, 2024, the Company announced financial assistance up to a maximum of \$333,306 from the
  Ministère des Ressources naturelles et des forêts (MRNF) on its Elmer Est project, in the Northern Quebec
  Region. This financial support was granted as part of the fourth call for projects of the Mineral Exploration
  Support Program for Critical and Strategic Minerals (MCS).
- On June 27, 2024, the Company congratulated Ophir Metals Corp. ("Ophir") on their discovery of lithium-bearing pegmatites at Pilipas. Ophir's discovery is located approximately 3.7 km northwest and along the trend with the Company's Ninaaskuwumin spodumene pegmatite discovery.
- On July 17, 2024, the Company announced that at its annual shareholders' meeting held, shareholders of the company overwhelmingly approved the election of Geneviève Ayotte, Normand Champigny, Wanda Cutler, and James Shannon as directors. and the appointment of KPMG LLP as auditors. in addition, the Company announced: 1) the issuance of 1,145,000 DSUs pursuant to its DSU Plan, and 2) the grant of 30,000 stock options (the "Options") of the Company to one consultant. Each Option entitles its holder to purchase one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.10 per share.

#### HIGHLIGHTS AFTER JULY 31, 2024

On August 9, 2024, the Company announced that an aggregate of 221,165 common shares will be issued
in settlement of services of three current directors of the Company in an aggregate amount of \$19,462.52,
as per the shares for services agreements entered with three current directors. The services are paid in
connection with services rendered by three current directors during the second quarter of the financial year
ending January 31, 2025. The Company also announced the issuance of 107,955 DSUs to the Chief
Executive Officer pursuant to its the DSU Plan.

 On September 19, 2024, the Company congratulated Harfang Exploration Inc. ("HARFANG") on five (5) high-grade gold discoveries at its Serpent-Radisson property. Harfang's discoveries are located adjacent to QPM's Sakami project

#### **OUTLOOK**

2024-2025 Plans

- James Bay:
  - Lithium At the Ninaaskumuwin spodumene discovery at Elmer East, perform a diamond drilling program that aims to test: 1) the down-dip extent of the sill of the discovery outcrop, and 2) the presence of potential stacked sills. In addition, carry out geological mapping in and around the discovery outcrop and collect additional structural measurements. In addition, conduct a follow-up prospecting program on target areas that have yet to be prospected at Elmer East; and
  - Gold At the La Pointe Extension deposit at Sakami, drill untested gold targets. To date, encouraging results from metallurgical testing, induced polarization survey and drilling programs have been received and indicate the presence of a significant mineral resource including many higher-grade areas. In addition, carry out a field inspection in other areas of the Sakami project on the priority gold and lithium targets including 3 high-priority targets that can be drill-ready.
- · Témiscamingue:
  - Rare earths Evaluate strategic alternatives for QPM's 68% interest in the Kipawa and 100% interest in the Zeus heavy rare earths projects.
- Ontario:
  - Gold Continue the monetization process of the non-core asset Matheson Joint Venture (50%).

#### **EXPLORATION ACTIVITIES FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JULY 31, 2024**

During the three-month period ended July 31, 2024, the Company incurred \$89,960 in exploration and evaluation expenses of which the main expenses were spent on the Sakami project. During the three-month period ended July 31, 2023, the Company incurred \$97,407 in exploration and evaluation expenses before accounting for a tax credit related to resources and mining tax credits of \$30,330 of which the main expenses were spent on the Elmer East, Kipawa-Zeus and Sakami projects

#### QUEBEC PRECIOUS METALS CORPORATION Exploration and evaluation expenses For the three-month period ended July 31, 2024

	Cheechoo- Éléonore trend	Flmer Fast		Sakami	Total	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Exploration and evaluation expenses						
Drilling	-	-	-	7,924	7,924	
Geology	131	375	-	506	1,012	
Prospecting	-	-	-	10,320	10,320	
General field expenses	42	616	2,128	67,918	70,704	
	173	991	2,128	86,668	89,960	

#### QUEBEC PRECIOUS METALS CORPORATION Exploration and evaluation expenses For the three-month period ended July 31, 2023

	Cheechoo- Éléonore trend	Elmer East	Kipawa Zeus	Sakami	Total	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Exploration and evaluation expenses						
Drilling	-	-	-	2,050	2,050	
Geology	7,941	37,749	-	16,975	62,665	
Resource estimate	-	-	17,129	-	17,129	
Other evaluation and exploration expenses	-	360	5,438	9,765	15,563	
Tax credit related to resources and mining tax credits	(2,938)	(14,121)	(5,783)	(7,488)	(30,330)	
-	5,003	23,988	16,784	21,302	67,077	

#### **EXPLORATION ACTIVITIES FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JULY 31, 2024**

During the six-month period ended July 31, 2024, the Company incurred \$139,296 in exploration and evaluation expenses of which the main expenses were spent on the Sakami project. During the six-month period ended July 31, 2023, the Company incurred \$128,018 in exploration and evaluation expenses before accounting for a tax credit related to resources and mining tax credits of \$35,584 of which the main expenses were spent on the Elmer East, Kipawa-Zeus and Sakami projects.

QUEBEC PRECIOUS METALS CORPORATION Exploration and evaluation expenses For the six-month period ended July 31, 2024

	Cheechoo- Éléonore trend	Elmer East	Kipawa Zeus	Sakami	Total	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Exploration and evaluation expenses						
Drilling	-	-	-	35,247	35,247	
Geology	461	1,425	-	5,329	7,215	
Prospecting	638	4,000	-	15,378	20,016	
General field expenses	127	935	2,213	73,543	76,818	
	1,226	6,360	2,213	129,497	139,296	

QUEBEC PRECIOUS METALS CORPORATION Exploration and evaluation expenses For the six-month period ended July 31, 2023

	Cheechoo- Éléonore trend	Elmer East	Kipawa Zeus	Sakami	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Exploration and evaluation expenses					
Drilling	-	-	-	2,050	2,050
Geology	7,941	37,749	-	16,975	62,665
Resource estimate	-	-	30,823	-	30,823
General field expenses	-	1,160	8,735	22,585	32,480
Tax credit related to resources and mining tax credits	(2,938)	(14,470)	(10,356)	(7,820)	(35,584)
	5,003	24,439	29,202	33,790	92,434

#### **EXPLORATION PROJECTS**

#### **EEYOU ISTCHEE JAMES BAY, QUÉBEC**

#### **Project Description**

QPM's 100% owned Sakami project located in the Eeyou Istchee James Bay territory of northern Quebec, one of the best mining jurisdictions in the world. The Project is accessible year-round and is proximal to a paved road and power lines. The Project consists of 281 claims covering a total area of 143 km<sup>2</sup>.

With more exploration, the project has the potential to become a series of significant deposits along a 23-kilometre trend, the size of a large gold mining camp. Gold production from these deposits would make an important contribution to the mining development of this territory. The text below and accompanying figures provide a detailed description of the project and its gold resource potential. More recently the potential for lithium mineralization has been identified.

The work completed to date comprised of:

- Heliborne geophysical surveys
- Ground magnetic surveys
- Induced polarization
- Soil geochemistry
- Rock sampling
- Channel sampling
- Diamond drilling

This work on the project has resulted in:

- Identifying a 23-km-long gold-bearing contact between volcano-sedimentary
- La Grande geological sub-province and sedimentary (Opinaca geological sub-province) rocks supported by airborne magnetic surveys data interpretation.

- Discovering through prospecting along the contact of significant showings at La Pointe and La Pointe Extension deposits, and Île, JR, Péninsule and Simon areas
- At La Pointe and La Pointe Extension, defining a very large prospective trend with multiple soil goldarsenic anomalies
- Delineating drill targets with induced polarization surveys that coincide with soil anomalies and surface showings
- Diamond drilling at the La Pointe deposit, La Pointe Extension, and Simon and JR areas
- Focusing on the La Pointe deposit since 2018 and on its extension following its discovery in 2020

#### **Geology and mineralization**

The Project is located within the central part of the Superior Geological Province, which comprises four Sub-provinces: from north to south, they are the La Grande, Opinaca, Nemiscau and Opatica. The Project straddles the contact of the sediments of the Opinaca Subprovince and Yasinski group basalts of the La Grande Subprovince: the regional exploration guideline that led to the discovery of the Éléonore gold mine in 2004, today operated by Newmont Corporation, and the discovery of gold deposits and showings in the region.

The Project is hosted within a volcano-sedimentary sequence of the Yasinski Group, which is metamorphosed to amphibolite facies and is strongly deformed by a regional west-southwest to east-northeast event in contact with sedimentary rocks of the Laguiche Group (Opinaca Subprovince) to the east. Airborne magnetic surveys data interpretations show a clear alignment between the gold showings and the La Grande and Opinaca contact and structures sub-parallel to the contact.

The main lithologies are:

- biotite-rich and silicified paragneiss with intrusions of granodiorite, tonalite and pegmatite; and
- amphibolite (metamorphosed sedimentary iron formation and mafic volcanic rock).

Gold is accompanied by disseminated arsenopyrite, pyrite and pyrrhotite and cross-cutting quartz-carbonate veinlets.

The mineralization style and setting share considerable similarities with the Éléonore mine and the Cheechoo deposit held by Sirios Resources Inc., such as:

- the mineralization associated with silicified paragneiss containing fine quartz veinlets;
- an alteration of quartz and brown tourmaline with minor arsenopyrite mineralization;
- an association of gold mineralization with a very proximal tonalite intrusion; and
- the presence of gold mineralization associated with silicified paragneiss, including fold structures.

#### **Exploration**

Exploration first began in the late 1950s consisting of geological, geochemical, geophysical and other exploration work programs within and around the Sakami project area to produce a geological map issued by the Geological Survey of Canada in 1957. From 1956 to 2007, numerous exploration programs executed by several major and junior exploration companies including Mines d'Or Virginia Inc., the company that discovered the Éléonore gold mine, took place in the Sakami project area. In 1998 Matamec Explorations Inc. initially acquired claims in the Sakami Reservoir area and mineralized zones were discovered on the western shore of the Sakami Reservoir. In 2013, Canada Strategic Metals (now Quebec Precious Metals Corporation) started to drill on the La Pointe area and obtained significant gold intersections.

#### La Pointe Deposit

At the La Pointe deposit, the mineralized zone has a strike length 950 m, a depth of 450 m and 600 m down-plunge. The estimated average true thickness is 35 m, up to 63 m in the central part of the deposit. When plotted on a longitudinal section, metal factors (grade x thickness values) clearly show a higher-grade core (2 g/t Au or greater) steeply plunging to the west. To the west, an interpreted fault that shifts the mineralization has been identified and appears to represent its western limit. Geological interpretation of the drill results to date demonstrate that the deposit remains open at depth. A high-grade gold-bearing iron formation is present and represents a good marker horizon. Similar iron formations have also been found elsewhere on the Sakami project such as the JR showing.

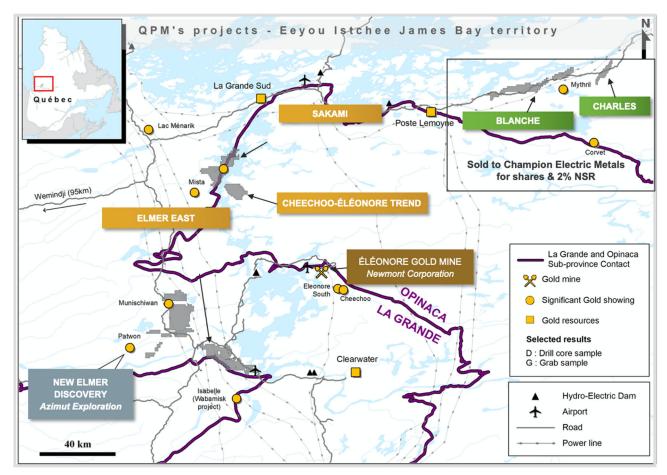
#### La Pointe Extension Deposit - 2020 Discovery

During the 2020 winter drilling campaign, the discovery of the La Pointe Extension deposit was made while investigating strong gold and arsenic soil geochemical anomalies and high-grade mineralized samples taken from outcrops. Recent drilling programs confirmed the extensive gold mineralization along this major trend.

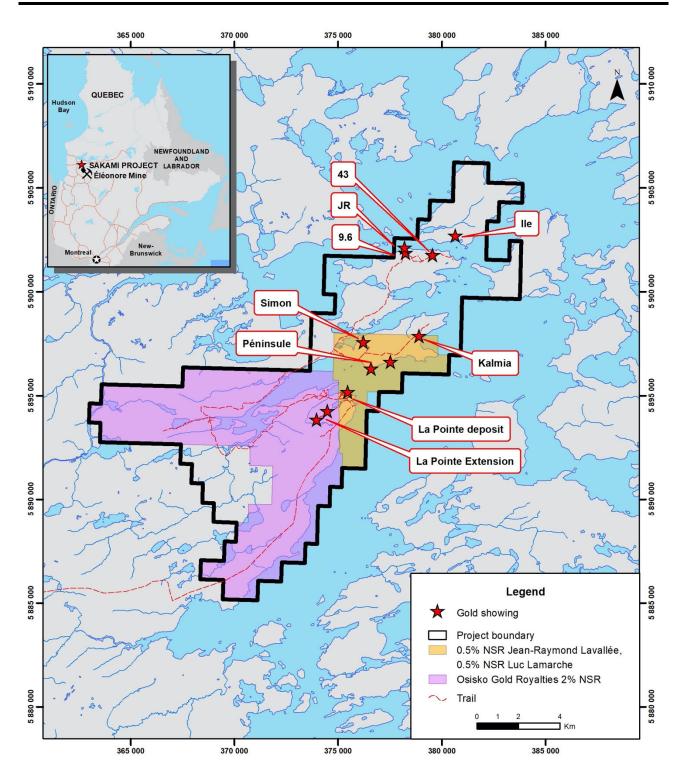
#### **Exploration**

Future drilling aimed to expand the deposit that could be amenable to open pit mining and will support a maiden mineral resource estimate. In February 2024, the Company announced the results of the drilling program completed at the end of 2023 at the La Pointe Extension gold deposit. The drilling program was designed to test the higher-grade portion of the La Pointe Extension deposit that could be amenable to open pit mining. The best drill intersections are: Hole PT-21-196: 0.83 g/t Au over 80.4 m including 2.37 g/t Au over 12.2 m, and Hole PT-21-197: 1.18 g/t Au over 43.2 m including 3.86 g/t Au over 8.0 m. These holes confirm the continuity of the sub-vertically dipping higher-grade core of the deposit.

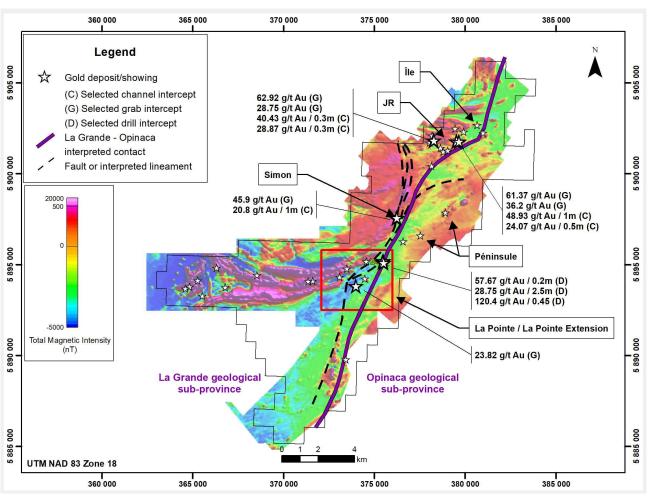
New drilling targets have been identified in interpreted large intrusive bodies near the deposit and over a strike length of 2.5 km to the southwest of the La Point Extension deposit. Drilling of these targets could also significantly expand the size of the deposit. In addition, in April 2024, the Company and Harfang announced the results of the Study conducted on the adjacent and wholly owned Sakami and Serpent-Radisson projects. The projects demonstrate significant potential for high-grade gold and more recently for lithium. The Study was designed to identify additional gold and lithium drill targets on the western portion of the Sakami project and on the eastern portion of the Serpent-Radisson project. The close collaboration between the two companies resulted in: the identification of 12 priority gold and lithium targets including 3 high-priority targets that can be drill-ready following a field inspection later this year; and an improved geological understanding and confirmation of the structural and lithological controls on gold and lithium mineralization.



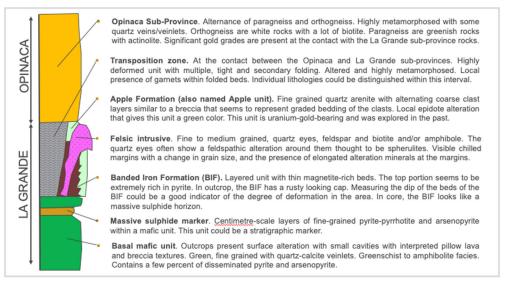
Map of the James Bay area with QPM's projects, gold deposits and showings



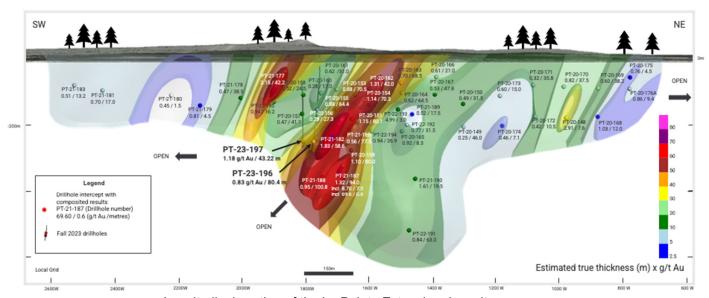
Location of the Sakami project and claims with Net Smelter Return ("NSR") royalties



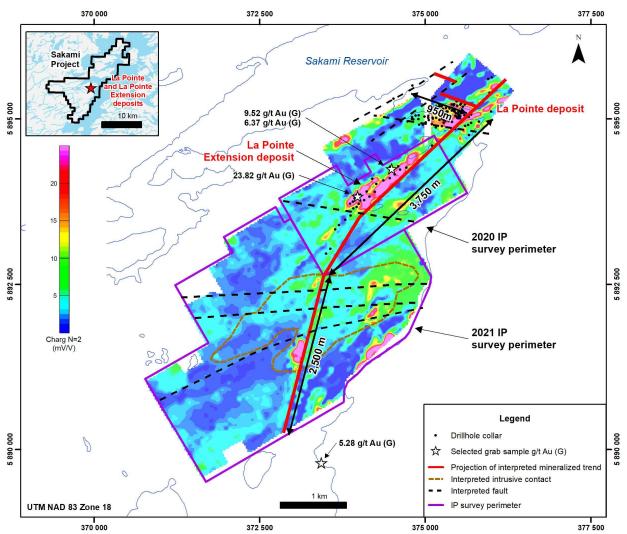
Map showing interpreted Total Magnetic Intensity from airborne surveys and gold showings of the Sakami project



Stratigraphic column showing the rock formations present on the Sakami project. Gold occurs at the contact of the Opinaca and La Grande geological sub-provinces.



Longitudinal section of the La Pointe Extension deposit with drillhole intercepts and grade x thickness isocontours



Map showing Induced Polarization survey chargeability results with isocontours, and projection of the interpreted mineralized trend and intrusive contact

#### **EEYOU ISTCHEE JAMES BAY, QUÉBEC - OTHER PROJECTS**

#### CHEECHOO-ÉLÉONORE TREND - GOLD PROJECT

#### **Project description**

QPM's 100% owned Cheechoo-Eleonore Trend project comprises 128 claims (66.26 km²) and is adjacent to the northwest to the company's Sakami project. The project's access is via helicopter support from the Sakami project.

It is part of an interpreted geological trend that comprises Sirios Resources' Cheechoo gold discovery and the Éléonore mine operated by Newmont Corporation. On the basis of the same high degree of metamorphism and similar gold-arsenical paragenesis, QPM considers that the geological setting of this project is of a similar character to the Cheechoo discovery and the Éléonore mine.

#### **Geology and mineralization**

The project includes two main lithologic assemblages, namely the metasediments of the Laguiche complex mentioned above and the intrusive rocks associated with the granitic suite of the Vieux Comptoir. The latter is essentially formed of a series of granitic intrusions rich in alkaline feldspar and generally poor in mafic minerals (biotite, hornblende ± tourmaline ± garnet). Spodumene and K-feldspar granites have also been observed.

Several other intrusions are present, possibly of the same origin as those of Vieux Comptoir, but much smaller in scale and with a tonalitic to granitic composition.

Only one showing is known on the project. The latter returned a grab sample with grades of 1.25 g/t Au, 1.1 g/t Au, 0.88 g /t Au and 0.14 g/t Au. The mineralization is hosted in an amphibolized gabbro dyke cutting a large tonalitic mass associated with the Duncan intrusions. The mineralization occurs mainly in the form of sulphides in stringers or disseminated, between 1 and 5% in abundance.

#### **Exploration**

Till sampling programs completed on the project suggest a local source for the gold detected in tills from the two priority targets. The objective of future exploration programs will be to establish the primary source of the gold. The targets that will present the best gold potential can be eventually tested by drilling. In addition, the abundance of pegmatites and geochemical anomalies suggest a strong lithium potential.

#### **ELMER EAST - GOLD AND LITHIUM PROJECT**

#### **Project description**

QPM's 100% owned Elmer East project is located along the trend from the recent Patwon prospect gold discovery made by Azimut Exploration Inc. on its Elmer project located in the Eeyou Istchee James Bay territory, Quebec. The project has strong gold potential totalling 929 claims (488.4 km²) and includes the adjacent Annabelle block (formerly Annabelle project), and the Opinaca Gold West block (formerly Opinaca Gold West project). The western part of the Elmer East project is contiguous to Azimut's project.

Prior to the summer of 2020, a high-resolution helicopter-borne mag survey was completed, and GoldSpot Discoveries Corp. carried out a geological interpretation for QPM to evaluate the gold prospectivity using methods based on Artificial Intelligence. The compilation of over 30,000 outcrop observations combined with over 12,000 lithogeochemical samples allowed a revision of the existing large-scale geological mapping, which resulted in the reinterpretation of the regional geological map. This work highlighted the common geological characteristics of the project with the Éléonore gold mine. Prospecting of the exploration targets identified led to two high-grade gold discoveries: Lloyd and Georgekish.

The project is accessible via helicopter support from kilometre 381 on the Billy Diamond paved road where year-round accommodation and logistical support are available.

#### Geology and mineralization

The project consists of different parts of the Eastmain volcano-sedimentary belt. The Opinaca Gold West claim block and Opinaca Gold East block are located on the eastern edge of the Duxbury batholith and are composed of the Bernou and Pilipas formations. The Central Block is located along and north of the Opinaca River straddling a contact between the Duxbury batholith and the Kauputauch formation. The Annabelle block lies along the Eastmain River for more than 25 km and straddles the contact of the Kapawasatish batholith to the north and the Kawaschusi and Wabamisk formations to the south. Metamorphism generally varies between greenschist and upper amphibolite.

The geological characteristics of the project are as follows:

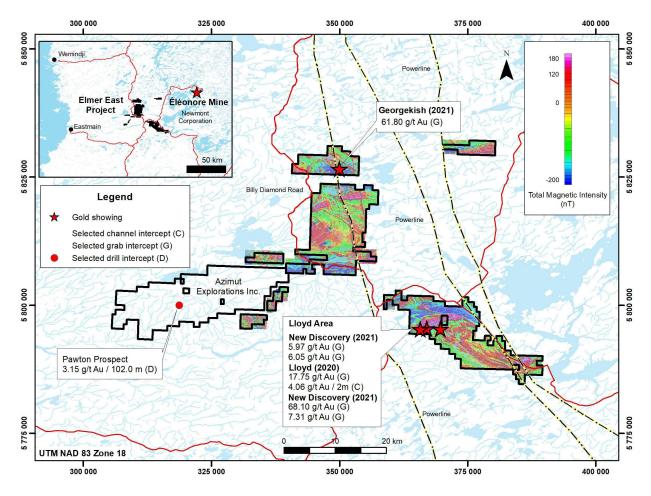
- a volcano-sedimentary sequence, comprising from base to summit, basalts, conglomerates, sandstone-grauwacke and paragneiss, all intruded by several felsic intrusions;
- a structural complexity with zones of intense folding and shearing;
- felsic and sedimentary volcanic units dated to around <2709 Ma; and</li>
- a major variation of the metamorphic gradient from greenschist to upper amphibolite.

#### **Exploration - Gold**

At the Lloyd and Georgekish discoveries, results received from surface sampling programs confirmed new gold mineralized systems with several high-grade grab sample values.

At the Lloyd discovery, the exploration work shows a 4.5 km long gold-bearing structure with high grades that remains open to extend mineralization at depth. Processing of aeromagnetic and orthophotos/LiDAR data defines dilatant zones along the structure in a sinistral strike-slip system and connected with dykes. The recommended follow-up program consists of an induced polarization survey to better define the structure's high-priority gold targets followed by drilling.

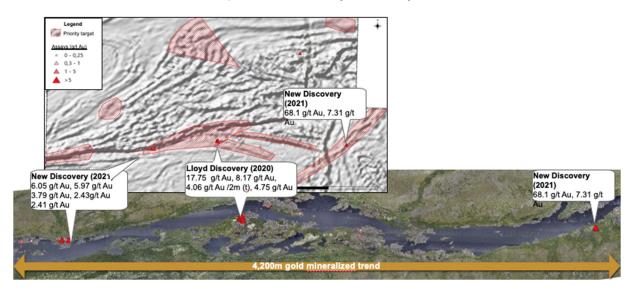
At the Georgekish discovery, the geophysical and litho-structural interpretation carried out highlights major NW trending gold structures that border folded volcano-sedimentary units. This suggests that the lithologic contrast located near anticlinal fold axes are the best targets for gold mineralization. Only the southern part of the discovery area has been prospected visited. Additional prospecting is recommended over the NW trending structures.



Map of the Elmer East project area



Helicopter view of the Lloyd discovery area



Map of the Lloyd discovery areas showing the 4.2 km long mineralized trend following the Eastmain River - Interpreted gold targets and interpreted structural lineaments.

Shaded first vertical derivative of the magnetic data in background.

#### **Exploration - Lithium**

Following the work carried out by the Company at the beginning of 2023 with the assistance of ALS GoldSpot to assess the lithium potential and identify exploration targets of its projects, a follow-up prospecting program was performed in certain target areas. This led to the discovery of spodumene (lithium-bearing mineral) on the Elmer East project. This discovery has been denoted as Ninaaskumuwin (East Cree word for thankful). Assay values from the nine samples from the discovery outcrop range from 1.10% to 3.92% Li<sub>2</sub>O. Based on the lithium assays and the fractionation level of the pegmatitic material, derived from the pXRF K-Rb ratios for muscovite and K-Feldspar, the surface mineralization has the potential to extend along a NW-SE 3.8 km-long trend (see figures below).

The Company also expanded the Elmer East project by staking 40 new claims adjacent to other areas of interest.

The discovery area is easily accessible from the paved Billy Diamond highway located about 50 km north of the 'km 381' rest stop that can provide accommodation, catering, fuel and power.

The lithium-bearing pegmatite body:

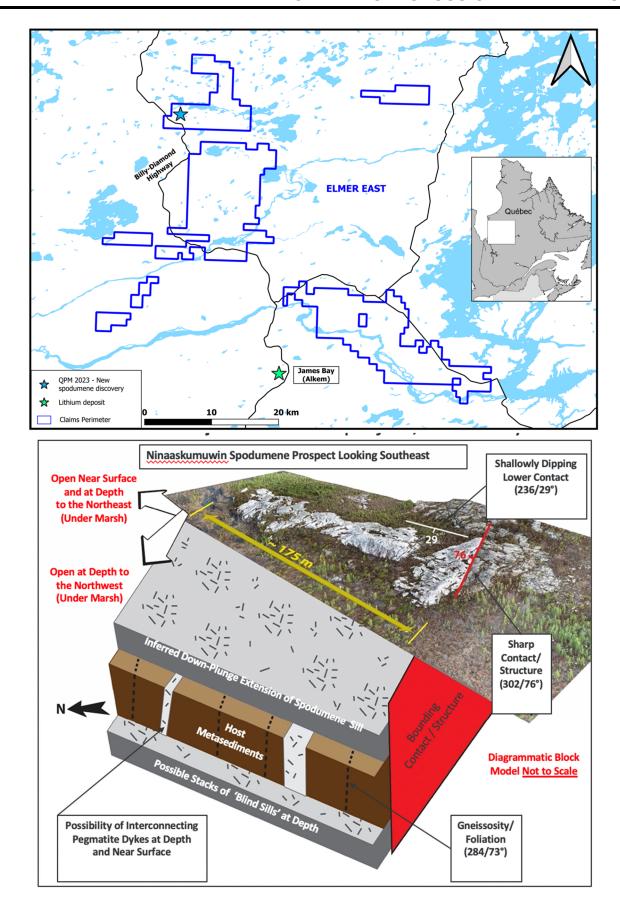
- is hosted in a metasedimentary unit comprised of sandstone, arenite and greywacke, which appears to have undergone ductile, polyphase deformation;
- has a length of 175 m, width of 42 m, and contains up to 15 20%, 3 55 cm-long, light-grey to light-green spodumene crystals, of varying grain size and orientation;
- is a shallowly dipping sill (rather than a steeply dipping dyke), with an estimated thickness of up to 5 m, but the true thickness remains unknown as the upper contact is above the current erosional level;
- is interpreted as forming in a late, extensional tectonic environment. The random orientation of spodumene crystals within the sill also supports the interpretation of an extensional regime. Extensional environments are favourable for forming stacks of sills (of varying dimensions), often connected by feeder dykes;
- has a mean orientation of 227 / 32° (average of contact and igneous banding measurements), and is interpreted to dip shallowly to the northwest under the marsh;
- remains untested at depth to the north and northwest of the outcrop, and untested near the surface and at depth, to the northeast (dives under a marsh); and
- can form significant open pit targets if they occur near surface due to the 'flat'/shallowly dipping nature of sills (e.g., the Whabouchi lithium deposit near Nemaska, James Bay).

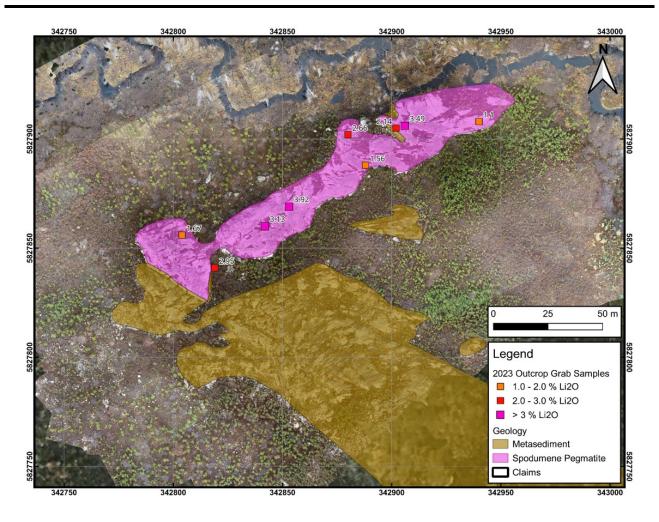
Based on the geological interpretation and work performed to date, the Company intends to:

- perform a diamond drilling program that aims to test: 1) the down-dip extent of the sill under the marsh to the north and northeast of the discovery outcrop, and 2) the presence of potential stacked sills;
- carry out geological mapping during in and around the discovery outcrop and collect additional structure measurements; and
- conduct a follow-up prospecting program on target areas that have yet to be prospected at Elmer East.

In June 2024, the Company:

- announced financial assistance up to a maximum of \$333,306 from the ministère des Ressources naturelles et des Forêts (MRNF) on its Elmer Est project, in the Northern Quebec Region. This financial support was granted as part of the fourth call for projects of the Mineral Exploration Support Program for Critical and Strategic Minerals (MCS). This program supports companies in the mineral exploration sector in carrying out their projects aimed at developing MCS deposits in Quebec. This assistance will make it possible to carry out geometallurgical studies aimed at designing an optimal treatment process, optimizing production and developing the lithium mineral resources which will be identified on the Ninaaskumuwin lithium discovery.
- congratulated Ophir on their recent discovery of lithium-bearing pegmatites at Pilipas. Ophir's discovery is located approximately 3.7 km northwest and along the trend with the Company's Ninaaskuwumin spodumene pegmatite discovery. Ophir's discovery shows that the areas around both discoveries have the potential to host one of the largest spodumene pegmatite resources in the James Bay region.





# KIPAWA-ZEUS - RARE EARTHS PROJECT Project description

The Company has a 68% interest in the Kipawa project, through the Kipawa rare earth Joint Venture, with Investissement Québec holding the remaining 32% interest. The Kipawa project is part of a group of 73 claims (43.03 km2) that form the Kipawa-Zeus project. The Zeus claims are outside of the Kipawa project, are wholly owned by the Company. The project is in the Témiscamingue region of Quebec, 140 km south of Rouyn-Noranda and 90 km northeast of North Bay, Ontario.

The project is in the Grenville geological province, about 55 km south of the contact with the Superior geological Province. The lithologies consist mainly of gneiss with a degree of metamorphism ranging from the green shale facies to the amphibolite-granulite facies. Twelve heavy rare earth showings have been identified, some of which contain niobium and tantalum. The Kipawa deposit is defined by three enriched horizons within the syenite of the Kipawa alkaline complex. This syenite contains light rare earth oxides but mainly heavy rare earth oxides. Drilling since 2011, totalling 293 drill holes (24,571 m), has been used as the basis for a feasibility study (prepared by Roche Ltd. and GENIVAR Inc., with the support of SGS Geostat and Golder Associates Ltd.) The study showed a 15-year production schedule, excluding a two-year pre-production period to strip the overburden to allow open-pit mining and the construction of a processing plant and associated infrastructure. The mine life could potentially be increased by the discovery of additional resources.

On August 9, 2021, and amended on February 4, 2022, the Company entered into a Binding Term Sheet with Vital Metals Limited ("Vital") for the acquisition by Vital of the Company's 68% interest in the Kipawa rare earth project and 100% of the Zeus Rare Earth project in Quebec, Canada, for \$8 million, subject to certain closing conditions.

In October 2022, Vital informed the Company that it will not proceed with the acquisition. Accordingly, the Company received a payment of \$1,013,124 (\$1,000,000 and interest of \$13,124) under the terms of the Binding Term Sheet as a transaction termination fee.

QPM continues to evaluate strategic alternatives for its 68% interest in the Kipawa and 100% interest in the Zeus heavy rare earth projects.

#### **NON-CORE ASSETS**

#### MATHESON - GOLD PROJECT

#### **Project description**

The Company holds a 50% interest in four non-contiguous blocks totalling 23 unpatented cell mining claims, three leases (110005-mining rights only; 108148 and 110007-surface and mining rights), and four patented claims (mining rights only) totalling 14.22 km² from the Matheson Joint Venture project ("Matheson Project"), located 24 km from downtown Timmins, Ontario. International Explorers and Prospectors Inc. holds the other 50%.

The Matheson Project covers prospective lithologies and structures similar to the geological context of the nearby Hoyle Pond gold mine, operated by Newmont. The Hoyle Pond mine produced 4 million ounces of gold at an average grade of 12 g/t gold from 1985 to 2018, making it one of the highest-grade deposits in the Timmins camp. The presence of mineralization on properties adjacent to or in proximity to the Matheson Project is not necessarily indicative that mineralization may be present on the Matheson Project. Previous exploration programs identified several exploration targets, but they have not been systematically tested by drilling.

The Company filed an independent technical report dated September 5, 2019, for the Matheson Project. This technical report was prepared by Paul Chamois, geologist, of RPA Inc., an independent qualified person as defined by NI 43-101 on standards of disclosure for mineral projects ("NI 43-101"). The Company is in the process to sell its 50% interest in the Matheson Project.

#### **QUALIFIED PERSON**

Normand Champigny, Eng., Chief Executive Officer, Qualified Person under NI 43-101, has prepared, verified and approved the data and technical content of this MD&A for the projects.

#### **FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

#### **Functional and presentation currency**

These selected financial information and other financial information are presented in Canadian dollars, the Company's functional currency.

#### **IFRS Material policies**

The Company's material accounting policies under IFRS are disclosed in Note 4 in the audited annual financial statements for the year ended January 31, 2024.

#### Use of estimates and judgements

Please refer to Note 2.4 of the audited annual financial statements for the year ended January 31, 2024 for an extended description of the information concerning the Company's significant judgments, estimates and assumptions that have the most significant effect on the recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, and expenses.

#### Adoption of new accounting standard

There was no adoption of new accounting policies in preparing the condensed interim financial statements as at July 31, 2024.

#### New standards and interpretations that have not yet been adopted

At the date of authorization of the financial statements, several new, but not yet effective, Standards and amendments to existing Standards, and Interpretations have been published by the IASB. None of these Standards or amendments to existing Standards have been adopted early by the Company. Management anticipates that all relevant pronouncements will be adopted for the first period beginning on or after the effective date of the pronouncement. New Standards, amendments and Interpretations not adopted in the current year have not been disclosed as they are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

#### **Dividends**

The Company has no dividend policy.

#### SELECTED QUARTERLY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The Company anticipates that the quarterly and annual results of operations will primarily be impacted for the near future by several factors, including the timing and efforts of the exploration's expenses and efforts related to the development of the Company. Due to these fluctuations, the Company believes that the quarter- to-quarter and the year-to-year comparisons of the operating results may not be a good indication of its future performance.

The following selected quarterly financial information is derived from our unaudited condensed interim financial statements for each of the three-month periods indicated.

## QUEBEC PRECIOUS METALS CORPORATION SELECTED QUARTERLY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

-	Q2-2025 \$	Q1-2025 \$	Q4-2024 \$	Q3-2024 \$	Q2-2024 \$	Q1-2024 \$	Q4-2023 \$	Q3-2023
STATEMENTS OF LOSS (INCOME) AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS (INC			<u> </u>	Ψ	<u> </u>	<u>*</u> _	Ψ	Ψ
Operating expenses :	,							
Salaries and employee benefit expense	73,299	88,800	77,649	76,911	77,103	73,474	27,301	106,756
Office and other expenses	16,515	23,181	19,960	24,032	49,012	52,273	26,331	36,788
Business development and investor relations	32,118	38,753	42,200	90,636	99,332	25,390	49,094	10,228
Registration, listing fees and shareholders information	36,658	14,642	14,013	25.844	24,381	12,582	16,787	31,141
Professional and consulting fees	96,881	88,144	78.017	59,309	89,300	79.175	93,242	108,624
Depreciation of property and equipment	506	508	427	426	427	381	343	343
Share-based compensation	71,954	1,417	25,148	121,182	25,267	24,725	13,603	17,450
Part XII.6 tax	6,714	´ -	-		-	-	226	226
Write-off of equipment	-,	_	_	_	_	_	(1)	
Exploration and evaluation expenses	89,960	49,336	473,439	508,921	67,077	25,357	4,915	23,238
	424,605	304,781	730,853	907,261	431,899	293,357	231,841	334,794
Other expenses (income):	424,000	001,101	. 00,000	001,201	101,000	200,007	201,011	001,701
Finance expense		80	_	_	_	_	26,087	77,232
Interest income		(1,703)	(10,018)	(2,748)	_	(46)	(7,543)	(13,150
Other income	(13,000)	(1,703)	(10,016)	(2,740)	-	(40)	(7,545)	(13,130
Change in fair value of marketable securities	315,813	(261,870)	473,539	615,617	(237,583)	(214,156)	(617,921)	35,226
•	315,613	(201,070)	473,539	010,017	(237,563)	(214,156)	(580,000)	35,226
Gain on disposition of mining projects	-	-	-	-		-	(560,000)	(4.000.000
Transaction termination fee from disposal of mining project	-	-	(44.000)	-	-	-	(45.000)	(1,000,000
Gain on settlement/adjustment of other liabilities	(11,449)	-	(11,938)	-	-	-	(15,223)	-
Exchange loss		1,663	(56)	672	-	-	-	-
	291,364	(261,830)	451,527	613,541	(237,583)	(214,202)	(1,194,600)	(900,692
(Loss) income before income tax	(715,969)	(42,951)	(1,182,380)	(1,520,802)	(194,316)	(79,155)	962,759	565,898
Income tax recovery	21,130	20,295	232,931	87,673	-	-	-	-
Net (loss) income and comprehensive (loss) income	(694,839)	(22,656)	(949,449)	(1,433,129)	(194,316)	(79,155)	962,759	565,898
Basic and diluted loss (income) per share:	(0.01)	(0.00)	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.00)	(0.00)	0.01	0.01
-	Q2-2025	Q1-2025	Q4-2024	Q3-2024	Q2-2024	Q1-2024	Q4-2023	Q3-2023
OTATEMENTO OF ENANCIAL POOLETON	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION		50.450	00.000	005.007	1 000 100	404.000	000 700	404.000
Cash and cash equivalents	181,448	50,459	22,883	285,087	1,226,420	194,869	262,706	481,896
Investments			250,000	250,000	-	-	-	
Marketable securities	338,218	691,531	514,496	988,035	1,603,652	1,366,069	1,151,913	53,992
Taxes receivable	30,212	29,091	83,730	97,682	32,466	21,817	30,324	20,658
Other receivable	-	-	6,040	10,892	1,411	1,411	2,245	-
Prepaids expenses and								
deposits related to exploration and evaluation activities	41,993	55,548	48,643	58,570	60,620	73,319	61,563	44,701
Tax credits related to resources receivable	45,679	45,679	45,679	601,335	592,483	565,896	561,498	1,755,202
Mining tax credits receivable	6,428	6,428	6,428	76,703	75,613	71,870	221,342	221,949
Total current assets	643,978	878,736	977,899	2,368,304	3,592,665	2,295,251	2,291,591	2,578,398
Equipment	5.475	5.981	1.835	2.262	2.688	3.115	1.127	1.470
Total non-current assets	5,475	5,981	1,835	2,262	2,688	3,115	1,127	1,470
Total assets	649,453	884,717	979,734	2,370,566	3,595,353	2,298,366	2,292,718	2,579,868
-	· · · · · ·	·	•					
Trade accounts payable and other liabilities	99,485	134,618	188,101	397,271	239,434	113,869	72,037	1,360,996
Loan	407.740	400.074	-	40,000	40,000	40,000	40,000	-
Liability related to flow-through shares	127,712	123,971	144,266	377,197	464,870	450,000	- 440.00=	4.000.000
Total current liabilities	227,197	258,589	332,367	814,468	744,304	153,869	112,037	1,360,996
Loan	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	39,077
Total non-current liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39,077
Total equity	422 256	626 128	647 367	1 556 098	2 851 040	2 144 497	2 180 681	1 170 705
Total equity  Total liabilities & equity	422,256 649.453	626,128 884.717	647,367 979,734	1,556,098 2,370,566	2,851,049 3,595,353	2,144,497	2,180,681	1,179,795 2,579,868

The net loss and comprehensive loss of \$694,839 for Q2-2025 is mostly attributable to a decrease of \$315,813 in fair value of marketable securities held as at July 31, 2024 combined with share-based compensation expense of \$71,954 in Q2-2025.

The net loss and comprehensive loss of \$22,656 for Q1-2025 is mostly attributable to an increase of \$261,870 in fair value of marketable securities held as at April 30, 2024.

The net loss and comprehensive loss of \$949,449 for Q4-2024 is mostly attributable to a decrease of \$473,539 in fair value of marketable securities held as at January 31, 2024 combined with exploration and evaluation expenses of \$473,439 incurred in Q4-2024.

The net loss and comprehensive loss of \$1,433,129 for Q3-2024 is mostly attributable to a decrease of \$615,617 in fair value of marketable securities held as at October 31, 2023 combined with exploration and evaluation expenses of \$508,921 incurred in Q3-2024.

The net loss and comprehensive loss of \$194,316 for Q2-2024 is mostly attributable to an increase of \$237,583 in fair value of marketable securities held as at July 31, 2023.

The net loss and comprehensive loss of \$79,155 for Q1-2024 is mostly attributable to an increase of \$214,156 in fair value of marketable securities held as at April 30, 2023.

The net income and comprehensive income of \$962,759 for Q4-2023 is mostly attributable to a gain on disposal of mining projects of \$580,000 and an increase of \$617,921 in fair value of marketable securities held as at January 31, 2023.

The net income and comprehensive income of \$565,898 for Q3-2023 is mostly attributable to a gain on disposition of mining projects of \$1,000,000.

#### Results of operations for the three-month period ended July 31, 2024 (Q2-2025)

#### Net (loss) income and comprehensive (loss) income

The basic and diluted loss per share for Q2-2025 is \$0.01 as compared to a basic and diluted loss per share of \$0.00 for Q2-2024.

During Q2-2025, the Company realized a net loss and comprehensive loss of \$694,839 as compared to a net loss and comprehensive loss of \$194,136 for Q2-2024.

The increase of \$500,523 for Q2-2025 as compared to Q2-2024 in net loss and comprehensive loss is mostly attributable to an increase of \$528,947 in other expenses.

#### Operating expenses

During Q2-2025, operating expenses were \$424,605 as compared to \$431,899 for Q2-2024.

The decrease of \$7,294 for Q2-2025 as compared to Q2-2024 in operating expenses is mainly attributable to a decrease of \$32,497 in office and other expenses (mainly due to a decrease of approximately of \$33,000 in claims renewal in Q2-2025) and a decrease of \$67,214 in business development and investor relations (mainly due to a decrease of approximately of \$61,000 in investor relations consulting in Q2-2025) offset by an increase of \$46,687 in share-based compensation expense (mainly due to the grant of 1,070,000 DUSs on July 16, 2024 to the staff), combined with an increase of \$22,883 in exploration and evaluation expenses, an increase of \$7,581 in professional and consulting fees, an increase of \$12,277 in registration, listing fees and shareholders information and an increase of \$6,714 in Part XII.6 tax expense for Q2-2025.

#### Other expenses (income)

During Q2-2025, other expenses were \$291,364 as compared to other income of \$237,583 for Q2-2024. The increase of \$528,947 in other expenses for Q2-2025 as compared to Q2-2024 is mostly attributable to a decrease of \$553,396 in fair value of marketable securities (a loss of \$315,813 in fair value for Q2-2025 as compared to a gain of \$237,583 for Q2-2024).

#### Income tax recovery

The income tax recovery is the result of the amortization of the other liability related to flow-through financings. The obligation is reversed with a corresponding income tax recovery recorded as the exploration and evaluation expenditures are incurred.

During Q2-2025, income tax recovery was \$21,130 related to eligible exploration and evaluation expenses incurred in Q2-2025 compared to income tax recovery of \$Nil for Q2-2024.

#### Results of operations for the six-month period ended July 31, 2024 (YTD-2025)

#### Net (loss) income and comprehensive (loss) income

The basic and diluted loss per share for YTD-2025 is \$0.01 as compared to a basic and diluted loss per share of \$0.00 for YTD-2024.

During YTD-2025, the Company realized a net loss and comprehensive loss of \$717,495 as compared to a net loss and comprehensive loss of \$273,471 for YTD-2024.

The increase of \$444,024 for YTD-2025 as compared to YTD-2024 in net loss and comprehensive loss is mostly attributable to an increase of \$481,319 in other expenses.

#### Operating expenses

During YTD-2025, operating expenses were \$729,386 as compared to \$725,256 for YTD-2024.

The increase of \$4,130 for YTD-2025 as compared to YTD-2024 in operating expenses is mainly attributable to a decrease of \$61,589 in office and other expenses (mainly due to a decrease of approximately of \$67,000 in claims renewal in YTD-2025) and a decrease of \$53,851 in business development and investor relations (mainly due to a decrease of approximately of \$71,250 in investor relations consulting in YTD-2025) offset by an increase of \$23,379 in share-based compensation expense combined with an increase of \$46,862 in exploration and evaluation expenses, an increase of \$16,550 in professional and consulting fees (mainly due to an increase in YTD-2025 of approximately \$11,000 in legal and audit fees), an increase of \$14,337 in registration, listing fees and shareholders information and an increase of \$6,714 in Part XII.6 tax expense for YTD-2025.

#### Other expenses (income)

During YTD-2025, other expenses were \$29,534 as compared to other income of 451,785 for YTD-2024. The increase of \$481,319 in other expenses for YTD-2025 as compared to YTD-2024 is mostly attributable to a decrease of \$505,682 in fair value of marketable securities (a loss of \$53,943 in fair value for YTD-2025 as compared to a gain of \$451,739 for YTD-2024).

#### Income tax recovery

The income tax recovery is the result of the amortization of the other liability related to flow-through financings. The obligation is reversed with a corresponding income tax recovery recorded as the exploration and evaluation expenditures are incurred.

During YTD-2025, income tax recovery was \$41,425 related to eligible exploration and evaluation expenses incurred in YTD-2025 compared to income tax recovery of \$Nil for YTD-2024.

#### **CASH FLOWS**

#### Cash flows used for operating activities

Cash flows used for operating activities were \$635,941 during YTD-2025, an increase of \$244,704 as compared to cash flows used for operating activities of \$391,237 during YTD-2024. The increase is mostly explained by a decrease of \$27,813 in cash flows used for operating activities before changes in working capital offset by an increase of \$272,517 in cash flows used from the change in working capital items.

#### Cash flows from financing activities

Cash flows from financing activities were \$426,825 during YTD-2025, a decrease of \$930,495 as compared to cash flows of \$1,357,320 from financing activities during YTD-2024. The decrease in cash flows from financing activities is attributable to a decrease of \$32,375 in proceeds from private placements combined with a decrease \$899,640 in proceeds from private flow-through placements (\$101,560 concluded in June 2024 as compared to \$1,001,200 concluded in July 2023).

#### Cash flows from (used for) investing activities

Cash flows from investing activities were \$367,681 during YTD-2025 (mostly attributable to the proceeds from disposal of a Guaranteed Investment Certificate of \$250,000 and from disposal of marketable securities of \$122,335) as compared to cash flows of \$2,369 used for investing activities during YTD-2024.

#### OTHER FINANCIAL DISCLOSURES

#### Related party transactions

Please refer to Note 12 of the condensed interim financial statements for the three-month and six-month periods ended July 31, 2024 and 2023, for a summary of the Company's transactions with related parties.

#### Contingency

Please refer to Note 13 of the condensed interim financial statements for the three-month and six-month periods ended July 31, 2024 and 2023, for a summary of the Company's commitments.

#### Subsequent events

Please refer to Note 17 of the condensed interim financial statements for the three-month and six-month periods ended July 31, 2024 and 2023, for a summary of the Company's subsequent events.

#### Off-financial position arrangements

As at July 31, 2024, the Company has the following off-financial position arrangements:

#### ROYALTIES AND NET PROFIT INTEREST ON MINING PROJECTS

PROJECTS	ROYALTIES	DESCRIPTION		
PROJECTS	Name Percentage		DESCRIPTION	
	Eeyou Istchee James Bay Territ	ory projects, Q	uebec	
	Luc Lamarche Estate	50%	1% NSR on some claims	
Sakami <sup>(1)</sup>	Jean-Raymond Lavallée	50%	1% NSR on some claims	
	Osisko Gold Royalties Ltd.	100%	2% NSR on 81 claims of which 1% may be purchased for an amount of \$1,000,000	
Elmer East <sup>(1)</sup>	Tony Perron, Tony Perron & Janine Mongrain on certain claims, Tony Perron & Hélène Laliberté on certain claims	100%	2% NSR of which 1% may be purchased for an amount of \$500,000	
	Other projects, Q	uebec		
Kipawa <sup>(1)</sup>	Toyotsu Rare Earth Canada Inc.	100%	10% net profit interest	
Blanche-Charles <sup>(2)</sup>	Quebec Precious Metals Corporation	100%	2% NSR of which 1% may be repurchased at any time for \$1,000,000 in cash or shares or a combination of both.	
	André Gauthier	60%	2% NSR, each one-half percent of the NSR can	
Vulcain <sup>(2)</sup>	Jacques Duval	40%	be repurchased at any time for \$250,000	
vuicain	Quebec Precious Metals Corporation	100%	1% NSR, first 0.5% may be purchased for an amount of \$500,000, second 0.5% may be purchased for an amount of \$2,500,000	
	Ontario proje	ct		
	International Explorers and Prospectors Inc.	100%	1.5 % NSR of which 0.75% may be purchased for an amount of \$1,500,000	
Matheson (1) Amalco		100%	0.75% NSR of which 0.75% may be purchased for an amount of \$750,000	
	Certain individuals and companies on certain claims	100%	1% NSR of which 1% may be purchased for an amount of \$500,000	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup> The Company does not hold any NSR on the project.

#### Going concern assumption

The Company has not yet determined whether its mining projects have mineral reserves. The exploration and development of mineral deposits involves significant financial risks. The success of the Company will be influenced by a number of factors, including exploration and extraction risks, regulatory issues, environmental regulations and other regulations.

Although management has taken steps to verify titles of the mining projects in which the Company holds an interest, in accordance with industry standards for the current stage of exploration of such projects, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's project title. Project title may be subject to unregistered prior agreements and noncompliance with regulatory requirements.

The financial statements have been prepared by the Company on a going concern basis, assuming that the Company will be able to realize its assets and settle its liabilities in the normal course of business as they come due.

For the six-month period ended July 31, 2024, the Company recorded a net loss of \$717,495 (\$273,471 for the six-month period ended July 31, 2023) and had negative cash flows from operations of \$635,941 (\$391,237 for the six-month period ended July 31, 2023). In addition, the Company had accumulated deficit of \$56,791,666 as at July 31, 2024. Besides the usual needs for working capital, the Company must obtain funds to enable it to meet the timelines of its exploration programs and to pay its overhead and administrative costs. As at July 31, 2024, the Company had a working capital (total current assets less total current liabilities) of \$416,781 (a working capital of \$645,532 as at January 31, 2024) including cash of \$181,448 (\$22,883 in cash as at January

<sup>(2)</sup> These projects have been sold. However, the Company still has a NSR as described above.

31, 2024). Management estimates that the working capital as at July 31, 2024 will not be sufficient to meet the Company's needs during the coming year. The Company is still in exploration stage and, as such, no revenue nor cash flow has been yet generated from its operating activities other than from the sales of non-core assets. Consequently, management periodically seeks financing through the issuance of shares, the exercise of warrants and share purchase options to continue its operations, and despite the fact that it has been able in the past, there is no guarantee of success for the future. If management is unable to obtain new funding, the Company may be unable to continue its operations, and amounts realized for assets may be less than amounts reflected in these financial statements.

These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

#### Capital management policies and procedures

Please refer to Note 19 of the audited annual financial statements for the year ended January 31, 2024, for a summary of the Company's capital management policies and procedures.

#### Disclosure of outstanding share data

The following selected financial information is derived from our unaudited financial statements.

## QUEBEC PRECIOUS METALS CORPORATION Disclosure of outstanding share data (as at September 20, 2024)

Outstanding common shares:	103,425,333				
Outstanding share options:	3,815,000				
Average exercise price of:	\$0.153				
Average remaining life of:	3.00	years			
	Number of		Number of		
Expiry date	granted share options		exercisable share options	Exercise price	Remaini
				\$	(year
February 17, 2025	225,000		225,000	0.28	0.4
July 24, 2025	50,000		50,000	0.27	0.8
October 26, 2025	235,000		235,000	0.23	1.1
February 19, 2026	500,000		500,000	0.29	1.4
March 15, 2027	375,000		375,000	0.17	2.5
July 16, 2026	30,000		30,000	0.10	1.8
August 8, 2028	2,400,000		1,600,000	0.10	3.9
<u>-</u>	3,815,000		3,015,000		
Outstanding deferred share units:	3,369,181				
Dutstanding warrants:  Average exercise price of:  Average remaining life of:	8,054,091 \$0.100 2.72	vears			
	Number of outstanding	,	Exercise	Remaining	
Expiry date	warrants		price \$	life	
			·	(years)	
May 31, 2027	3,700,000		0.10	2.69	
June 21, 2027	4,354,091		0.10	2.75	
-	8,054,091				
Outstanding brokers and intermediaries' options:	252,000				
Average exercise price of: Average remaining life of:	\$0.100 2.72	years			
	Number of outstanding brokers and				
Expiry date	intermediaries' options		Exercise price	Remaining life	
Expiry date	options		price \$	(years)	
May 31, 2027	112,000		0.10	2.69	
June 21, 2027	140,000		0.10	2.75	
<del>-</del>	252,000				

#### **RISK AND UNCERTAINTIES**

The Company is subject to a variety of risks, some of which are described below. If any of the following risks occur, the business, results of operations or financial condition could be adversely affected in a material manner.

#### Financial instrument risks

Please refer to Note 16 of the condensed interim financial statements for the three-month and six-month periods ended July 31, 2024 and 2023, for a summary of the Company's financial instruments risks.

#### Russia/Ukraine and Middle East conflicts

The increasing tensions related to the ongoing conflict between Russia and Ukraine as well as those in the Middle East, and economic sanctions imposed in relation thereto, have contributed to additional volatility in commodity prices. The effect of this global event cannot accurately be predicted.

#### **Exploration and mining risks**

The Company's future is dependent on its exploration and development programs. The exploration and development of mineral deposits involves significant financial risks over a prolonged period of time, which may not be eliminated even through a combination of careful evaluation, experience and knowledge. Few projects that are explored are ultimately developed into economically viable operating mines. Major expenses on the Company's exploration projects may be required to construct mining and processing facilities at a site, and it is possible that even preliminary due diligence will show adverse results, leading to the abandonment of projects. It is impossible to ensure that preliminary or full feasibility studies on the Company's projects, or the current or proposed exploration programs on any of the projects in which the Company has exploration rights, will result in any profitable commercial mining operations. The Company cannot give any assurance that its current and future exploration activities will result in a discovery of mineral deposits containing mineral resources or mineral reserves.

Estimates of mineral resources or mineral reserves and any potential determination as to whether a mineral deposit will be commercially viable can also be affected by such factors as: the particular attributes of the deposit, such as its size and grade; unusual or unexpected geological formations and metallurgy; proximity to infrastructure; financing costs; precious metal prices, which are highly volatile; and governmental regulations, including those relating to prices, taxes, royalties, infrastructure, land use, importing and exporting of metal concentrates, exchange controls and environmental protection. The effect of these factors cannot be accurately predicted, but the combination of any or all of these factors may result in the Company not receiving an adequate return on its invested capital or suffering material adverse effects to its business and financial condition. Exploration and development projects also face significant operational risks including but not limited to an inability to obtain access rights to projects, accidents, equipment breakdowns, labour disputes (including work stoppages and strikes), and other unanticipated interruptions.

#### Titles to projects

While the Company has diligently investigated title to the various projects in which it has an interest, and to the best of its knowledge, titles to those projects are in good standing, this should not be construed as a guarantee of title. The projects may be subject to prior unregistered agreements or transfer, or native or government land claims, and title may be affected by undetected defects.

#### **Permits and licenses**

The Company's operations may require licenses and permits from various governmental authorities. The Company will use its best efforts to obtain all applicable licenses and permits to carry on the activities which it intends to conduct, and it intends to comply in all applicable material aspects with the terms of such licenses and permits. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain all necessary licenses and permits that may be required to carry out exploration, development, and mining operations at its projects.

#### **Metal prices**

Even if the Company's exploration programs are successful, factors beyond the control of the Company may affect marketability of any minerals discovered. Metal prices have historically fluctuated widely and are affected by numerous factors beyond the Company's control, including international, economic and political trends, expectations for inflation, currency exchange fluctuations, interest rates, global or regional consumption patterns, speculative activities and worldwide production levels. The effect of these factors cannot accurately be predicted.

#### Competition

The mining industry is intensely competitive in all its phases. The Company competes with many companies possessing greater financial resources and technical facilities than itself for the acquisition of mineral interests as well as for recruitment and retention of qualified employees.

#### **Environmental regulations**

The Company's operations are subject to environmental regulations promulgated by government agencies from time to time. Environmental legislation provides for restrictions and prohibitions of spills, release or emission of various substances produced in association with certain mining industry operations, such as seepage from tailing disposal areas, which could result in environmental pollution. A breach of such legislation may result in imposition of fines and penalties. In addition, certain types of operations require submissions to and approval of environmental impact assessments. Environmental legislation is evolving in a manner which means stricter standards, and enforcement, fines and penalties for non-compliance are more stringent. Environmental assessments of proposed projects carry a heightened degree of responsibility for companies and directors, officers and employees. The cost of compliance with changes in governmental regulations has a potential to reduce the profitability of operations. The Company intends to fully comply with all environmental regulations.

#### Conflicts of interest

Certain directors or proposed directors of the Company are also directors, officers or shareholders of other companies that are similarly engaged in the business of acquiring, developing and exploiting natural resource projects. Such associations may give rise to conflicts of interest from time to time. The directors of the Company are required by law to act honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the Company and to disclose any interest which they may have in any project or opportunity of the Company. If a conflict of interest arises at a meeting of the board of directors, any director in a conflict will disclose his interest and abstain from voting on such matter. In determining whether or not the Company will participate in any project or opportunity, the directors will primarily consider the degree of risk to which the Company may be exposed and its financial position at that time.

#### Stage of development

The Company's projects are in the exploration stage, and to date none of them have an estimation of mineral reserves. The Company does not have a history of earnings or providing a return on investment, and there is no assurance that it will produce revenue, operate profitably or provide a return on investment in the future.

#### **Industry conditions**

Mining and milling operations are subject to government regulations. Operations may be affected in varying degrees by government regulations such as restrictions on production, price controls, tax increases, expropriation of project, pollution controls or changes in conditions under which minerals may be mined, milled or marketed. The marketability of minerals may be affected by numerous factors beyond the control of the Company, such as government regulations. The effect of these factors cannot be accurately determined.

#### Uninsured hazards

Hazards such as unusual geological conditions are involved in exploring for and developing mineral deposits. The Company may become subject to liability for pollution or other hazards which cannot be insured against or against which the Company may elect not to insure because of the high cost of premiums or for other reasons. The payment of any such liability could result in the loss of Company assets or the Company's insolvency.

#### **Future financing**

Completion of future programs may require additional financing, which may dilute the interests of existing shareholders. The only sources of future funding presently available to QPM are the sale of equity capital, or the offering or sale by QPM of an interest in its non-core projects. Currently, QPM has no projects that are under a purchase agreement requiring cash payment obligations. All projects in Eeyou Istchee James Bay territory are 100% owned and the only financial obligations are the annual payments of mining claim renewal fees. The availability of financing is not assured and is subject to market conditions.

#### Key employees

Management of the Company rests on a few key officers and members of the board of directors, the loss of any of whom could have a detrimental effect on its operations.

#### **Canada Customs and Revenue Agency**

No assurance can be made that Canada Customs and Canada Revenue Agency will agree with the Company's characterization of expenses as Canadian exploration expenses or Canadian development expenses or the eligibility of such expenses as Canadian exploration expenses under the *Income Tax Act* (Canada).

#### **CERTIFICATION OF INTERIM FILINGS**

The President and Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer have signed the Basic Certifications of Interim Filings as required by National Instrument 52-109 for venture issuer, thus confirming, the review, the absence of misrepresentations and the fair presentation of the interim filings.

- The President and Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer confirm to have reviewed the interim financial report and the interim MD&A (together, the "interim filings") of the Company for the interim period ended July 31, 2024.
- Based on their knowledge, having exercised reasonable diligence, the President and Chief Executive
  Officer and the Chief Financial Officer confirm that the interim filings do not contain any untrue
  statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or that is necessary to
  make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it was made, for the period
  covered by the interim filings.
- Based on their knowledge, having exercised reasonable diligence, the President and Chief Executive
  Officer and the Chief Financial Officer confirm that the interim financial report together with the other
  financial information included in the interim filings fairly present in all material respects the financial
  condition, financial performance and cash flows of the issuer, as of the date of and for the period
  presented in the interim filings.